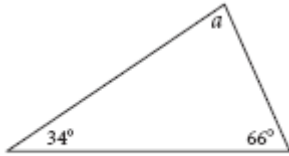


Name _____ Period _____ Date _____

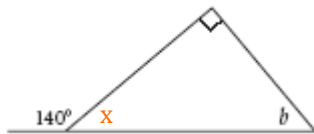
In Problems 1–4, find the missing measurements

1. $a = \underline{80}$



$34 + 66 + a = 180$
Solve for a

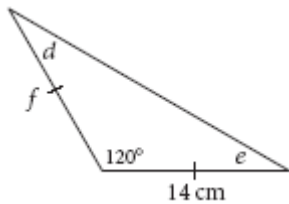
2. $b = \underline{50}$



2 methods
1) $180 - 140 = x$
 $x = 40$
 $90 + 40 + b = 180$
Solve for b

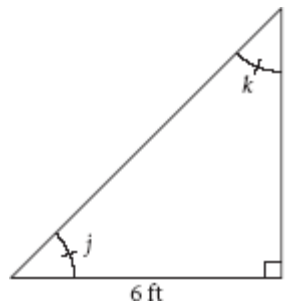
OR
2) Use Exterior Angle Conjecture:
Remote interior angles are the right angle and b, so $90 + b = 140$. Solve for b

3. $d = \underline{30}$
 $e = \underline{30}$
 $f = \underline{14 \text{ cm}}$ — Units matter!



The triangle is isosceles, therefore $f = 14 \text{ cm}$ and $d = e$.
Since d and e are the same, we can write $120 + 2d = 180$, or $120 + 2e = 180$ and then solve.

4. $j = \underline{45}$
 $k = \underline{45}$
 $l = \underline{6 \text{ ft}}$



The triangle is isosceles, therefore $l = 6 \text{ ft}$ and $j = k$.
Since j and k are the same, we can write $90 + 2j = 180$, or $90 + 2k = 180$ and then solve.

In Problems 5–7, tell whether it is possible to draw a triangle with the given side lengths.

5. 3 in., 4 in., 5 in. Check $3+4 > 5$, $4+5 > 3$, and $3+5 > 4$: YES

6. 1 cm, 7 cm, 8 cm Check $1+7 > 8$ (doesn't work): NO

7. 3 ft, 5 ft, 9 ft Check $5+3 > 9$ (doesn't work): NO

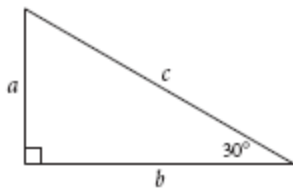
In Problems 8–10, arrange the letters in order from greatest value to least value.

8.



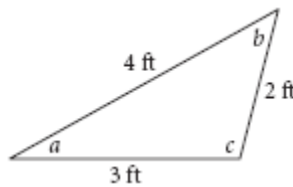
a, b, c

9.



c, b, a

10.



c, b, a

11. What are the coordinates of the centroid of $\triangle DEF$?

