## Quiz Review Questions, due Friday 8/19 on Quiz Day

(Most of these questions are taken from an old test given by the state or practice problems from the ACT, and you will likely see problems like them on the EOC exam and the ACT.)

The material covered on this quiz will include the following topics:

- Basic vocabulary and applications of vocabulary, including naming and drawing figures
- Types of Angles
- Congruence with lines, segments, and angles
- Segment and Angle Addition
- Constructions
1.)

a) m $\qquad$ $+\mathrm{m}$ $\qquad$ $=m \overline{\mathrm{AC}}$
b) Find $m \overline{A C}$.
2.)

b) Using the algebraic expressions given in the figure, $\mathrm{m} \overline{\mathrm{QR}}$ $\qquad$ ; $\mathrm{m} \overline{\mathrm{RS}}=$ $\qquad$ ; $\mathrm{m} \overline{\mathrm{ST}}=$ $\qquad$
c) Now substitute the information from part b) into the equation from part a).
d) Solve for $x$.
e) Find the $m \overline{S T}$ by plugging in your answer from part d).
3.)


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{m} \angle \mathrm{LPM}=30^{\circ} \\
& \mathrm{m} \angle \mathrm{MPN}=65^{\circ} \\
& \mathrm{m} \angle \mathrm{LPO}=110^{\circ}
\end{aligned}
$$

a) $m \angle$ $\qquad$ $+m \angle$ $\qquad$ $+m \angle$ $\qquad$ $=m \angle L P O$
b) Plug the angle measures given in the problem into your equation from part a)
c) Solve for $m \angle N P O$.
4.) In the figure $m \angle F G I=(2 x+9)^{\circ}$ and $m \angle H G I=(4 x-15)^{\circ}$. Find $m \angle F G I$ and $m \angle H G I$.
A. $m \angle F G I=71^{\circ}$ and $m \angle H G I=109^{\circ}$
B. $m \angle F G I=45^{\circ}$ and $m \angle H G I=45^{\circ}$
C. $m \angle F G I=33^{\circ}$ and $m \angle H G I=33^{\circ}$
D. $m \angle F G I=41^{\circ}$ and $m \angle H G I=49^{\circ}$

a) What kind of angle is $\angle H G F$ ? $\qquad$
b) $m \angle H G F=$ $\qquad$ ${ }^{\circ}$
c) $m \angle \_+m \angle \ldots=m \angle H G F$
d) Plug all the given information in the problem into your equation in part c)
e) Solve for $x$.
f) Plug in your answer from part e) to find the $m \angle F G I$ and $m \angle H G I$.
5.) $\overrightarrow{E B}$ is the angle bisector of $\angle A E C$. What is the value of $x$ ?
A. $x=35$
B. $x=51.5$
C. $x=70.5$
D. $x=142$

a) If the $m \angle B E C=(2 x+1)^{\circ}$, and ray EB bisects $\angle A E C$ into two equal parts, then the $m \angle A E B=$ $\qquad$ $\therefore$.
b) $m \angle$ $\qquad$ $+m \angle$ $\qquad$ $+m \angle$ $\qquad$ $=180^{\circ}$, since a line measures $180^{\circ}$.
c) Plug all the given angle measures into your equation from part b)
d) Solve for x .
6.) In the figure below, ray $\overrightarrow{E F}$ was constructed starting from rays $\overrightarrow{E D}$ and $\overrightarrow{E G}$. By using a compas $D$ and $G$ were marked equidistant from $E$ on rays $\overrightarrow{E D}$ and $\overrightarrow{E G}$. The compass was then used to locate a point $F$, distinct from $E$, so that $F$ is equidistant from $D$ and $G$. For all constructions defined by the above steps, the measures of $\angle D E F$ and $\angle G E F$ :

F. are equal.
G. are NOT equal.
H. sum to $30^{\circ}$.
I. sum to $45^{\circ}$.
J. sum to $60^{\circ}$.
7.) In a plane, the distinct lines $\overleftrightarrow{A B}$ and $\overleftrightarrow{C D}$ intersect at $A$, where $A$ is between $C$ and $D$. The measure of $\angle B A C$ is $47^{\circ}$. What is the measure of $\angle B A D$ ?
A. $43^{\circ}$
B. $47^{\circ}$
C. $94^{\circ}$
D. $133^{\circ}$
E. $137^{\circ}$
8.) Points $A, B, C$, and $D$ are on a line such that $B$ is between $A$ and $C$, and $C$ is between $B$ and $D$. The distance from $A$ to $B$ is 6 units. The distance from $B$ to $C$ is twice the distance from $A$ to $B$, and the distance from $C$ to $D$ is twice the distance from $B$ to $C$. What is the distance, in units, from the midpoint of $\overline{B C}$ to the midpoint of $\overline{C D}$ ?
F. 18
G. 14
H. 12
I. 9
J. 6
9.) In the diagram below, $\overleftrightarrow{F E}$ bisects $\overline{A C}$ at $B$, and $\overleftrightarrow{G E}$ bisects $\overline{B D}$ at $C$.


Which statement is always true?
(1) $\overline{A B} \cong \overline{D C}$
(3) $\overleftrightarrow{B D}$ bisects $\overline{G E}$ at $C$.
(2) $\overline{F B} \cong \overline{E B}$
(4) $\overleftrightarrow{A C}$ bisects $\overline{F E}$ at $B$.
10.) The supplement of an angle is $112^{\circ}$. What is the measure of the angle?
11.) The complement of an angle is $22^{\circ}$. What is the measure of the angle?

